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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO	
10/719,971	11/21/2003	Anis Zribi	132669-1	3568	
6147	7590 01/30/2006		EXAMINER		
	ELECTRIC COMPA	CYGAN, MICHAEL T			
GLOBAL R	ESEARCH OCKET RM. BLDG. KI	ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER		
NISKAYUN	A, ŅY 12309	2855			
			DATE MAILED: 01/30/2006		

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		Applicat	tion No.	Applicant(s)	\sim			
Office Action Summary		10/719,9	971	ZRIBI ET AL.	(gw)			
		Examine	er	Art Unit				
		Michael		2855				
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this communicat or Reply	tion appears on tl	ne cover sheet wit	th the correspondence addre	PSS			
WHI(- Exte after - If NO - Faild Any	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR CHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAIL nsions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communic D period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutor ure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, reply received by the Office later than three months after the patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	LING DATE OF T 7 CFR 1.136(a). In no e ration. Try period will apply and by statute, cause the ap	HIS COMMUNIC event, however, may a re will expire SIX (6) MONT oplication to become ABA	ATION. ply be timely filed I'HS from the mailing date of this command ANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status								
1)⊠	Responsive to communication(s) filed o	on 13 January 20	06					
	This action is FINAL. 2b) ☐ This action is non-final.							
3)	<u> </u>							
,	closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.							
Disposit	ion of Claims							
	Claim(s) <u>1-26</u> is/are pending in the appl	lication						
بحار.	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.							
5)	Claim(s) is/are allowed.							
	Claim(s) <u>1-26</u> is/are rejected.							
7)								
8)	Claim(s) are subject to restriction	n and/or election	requirement.					
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· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	The specification is objected to by the Ex			- North Control of the Control				
10)[The drawing(s) filed on <u>21 November 20</u>		• • •		∍r.			
	Applicant may not request that any objection			· ·				
44\[Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the		= :		` '			
וויי ו	The oath or declaration is objected to by	me Examiner. N	iote the attached	Office Action of form P1O-	152.			
Priority ı	ınder 35 U.S.C. § 119							
a)	Acknowledgment is made of a claim for the All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority doce 2. Certified copies of the priority doce 3. Copies of the certified copies of the application from the International See the attached detailed Office action for	cuments have be cuments have be he priority docum Bureau (PCT Ru	en received. en received in Ap nents have been i ile 17.2(a)).	oplication No received in this National Sta	age			
2) 🔲 Notic 3) 🔲 Infori	t(s) The of References Cited (PTO-892) The of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-9 The of Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO or No(s)/Mail Date		Paper No(s)	ummary (PTO-413) /Mail Date formal Patent Application (PTO-15 	i2)			

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DETAILED ACTION

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.
 - 1. Claims 1-8, 10-14, 17-22, 24, and 25 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Mansky (US 2002/0017126 A1). Mansky discloses the claimed invention, a miniaturized sensor device, comprising thin film membrane (either silicon nitride or Kapton (polyimide)) [94], resistive thin film heater/thermometer [100] (made from titanium), Si frame [92] having open cell [96], thin film layer [95] adjacent to the frame, and a thin film sensing layer [90] adjacent the thin film membrane, where the thin film membrane and sensing layer may be 2 microns [paragraph 188], the thin film heater/thermometer may be 20 microns [paragraph 192], and where multiple adjacent cells may be formed in the form of an array/porous grid structure [paragraphs 194-195]. The sensing layer is disposed directly or indirectly adjacent to either the first or second surface

on the thin film membrane (Figure 9A). See entire document, especially paragraphs 187-196.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

This application currently names joint inventors. In considering patentability of the claims under 35 U.S.C. 103(a), the examiner presumes that the subject matter of the various claims was commonly owned at the time any inventions covered therein were made absent any evidence to the contrary. Applicant is advised of the obligation under 37 CFR 1.56 to point out the inventor and invention dates of each claim that was not commonly owned at the time a later invention was made in order for the examiner to consider the applicability of 35 U.S.C. 103(c) and potential 35 U.S.C. 102(e), (f) or (g) prior art under 35 U.S.C. 103(a).

2. Claims 9 and 23 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Mansky (US 2002/0017126 A1). Mansky teaches the claimed invention as detailed above except for the thickness range of the frame. However, it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to use a value in the claimed thickness range, since it has been held that where the general conditions

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of a claim are disclosed in the prior art, discovering the optimum or workable ranges involves only routine skill in the art. *In re Aller*, 105 USPQ 233.

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- 3. Claim 15 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Mansky (US 2002/0017126 A1) in view of Routkevitch (US 6,705,152 B2). Mansky teaches the claimed invention as detailed above except for dry air. Routkevitch teaches the use of nanotubes as sensor elements in a sensor array system (column 4 lines 1-14). It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to use nanotubes as taught by Routkevitch in the invention taught by Mansky to comprise the sensor elements, since Routkevitch teaches that "nanostructured materials present new opportunities for the development and commercialization of the next generation of gas sensors," column 2 lines 41-51.
- 4. Claim 16 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Mansky (US 2002/0017126 A1) in view of Zanini-Fisher (EP 703,449 A1). Mansky teaches the claimed invention as detailed above except for dry air. Zanini-Fisher teaches the use of aluminosilicates as sensor elements in a sensor array system (column 4 lines 37-54). It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was

made to use aluminosilicates as taught by Zanini-Fisher in the invention taught by Mansky to comprise the sensor elements, since Zanini-Fisher teaches that this increases the number of sensor-active sites (i.e., the effective sensing area or the sensor film) without increasing the size of the device, an important feature for maintaining signal strength while shrinking device size.

5. Claim 26 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Mansky (US 2002/0017126 A1) in view of DiMeo (US 2002/0017126 A1). Mansky teaches the claimed invention as detailed above except for dry air. DiMeo teaches the use of dry air for calibrating and flushing a sensor array system (paragraphs 160 and 165). It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to use dry air as taught by DiMeo in the invention taught by Mansky to interact with the sensor, since DiMeo teaches the usefulness of such an environment for flushing and calibrating.

Response to Arguments

6. Applicant's arguments filed 13 January 2006 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive. While applicant argues that the sensing layer of Mansky only senses the thin film 90, Mansky discloses that the sensing layer senses liquids that are adjacent to the thin film (i.e, in well 97); see

paragraph 189 of Mansky. Therefore, the sensing layer was not mischaracterized, and operates in the same manner as the instant application, to sense samples adjacent the sensing layer.

Conclusion

THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL. Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Michael Cygan whose telephone number is (571) 272-2175. The examiner can normally be reached on 8:30-6 M-Th, alternate Fridays.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Edward Lefkowitz can be reached on 571-272-2180. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

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Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

MICHAEL CYGAN, PH.D.

PRIMARY EXAMINER